MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH					
1.	PLACE OF DEATH County Duchanan	Registration District	85	File No	
	Township, Ozeph No.	Primary Registration	21 (M) 1	Registered No	5 B 7 A 7
2. FULL NAME 6 ilen (Rose) cwell (a) Residence. No. 2427 Sater St. Word.					
(a) Residence. No					
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Je,	male White Sing	RRIED, WIDOWED OR torile the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AI		7 10 th 19 2 2.
5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED / HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF			that I last saw h. A. slive on		
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) NAY 72-1922.			THE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS		
7. /	IGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS 5 19	lf LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.	Phiermoria 151	Chron	es Brenchial
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work.			(duration) O yrs. 2 mos. O ds.		
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)			CONTRIBUTORY MOLIUS ((SECONDARY)	tution pen	se best f
(c) Name of employer			18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED		
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) TO STATE OR COUNTRY)			IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?		
	10. NAME OF FATHER Charles Je c	vell	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY	DATE OF	
PARENTS	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OF TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) (STATE OR COUNTRY)		WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST WAS ASSAUCH AND SIGNED WAS SIGNED WAS SIGNED WAS A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		
PAR	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Out hime Hauber		1/10, 19 22 (Address) Dolani de Bless		
_ -	13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Diebase Causing Drath, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means and Nature of Index, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homodal. (See reverse side for additional space.)			
14.	INFORMANT Charles Jewe (Address) 2427 Fatte &	56	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION. TWO Clives		DATE OF BURIAL
15.	File 19 10 19 2 George M/o	Poteler Mass	20. UNDERTAKER Herman Ma	neill	ADDRESS 1208 Francis
			<u> </u>		3.77.2.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid : Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and ... children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.......... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal 'septicemia." "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify AS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF AS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: 'Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetantus.' But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.